

# Liceo "G.B. Vico" Corsico – a.s. 2023/24

## Programma svolto

<b>Classe:</b>	1^D
<b>Materia:</b>	Lingua Inglese
<b>Insegnante:</b>	Maria Chiara Davalli
<b>Testo utilizzato:</b>	Mann, Taylor-Knowles, Optimise B1+ with online workbook, Macmillan Lucantoni, English as a Second Language, sixth edition, CUP

<b>Unit</b>	<b>Grammar</b>	<b>Vocabulary</b>
1- Can't live without it	Present simple Present continuous Stative verbs -ing or infinitives	Adjectives with <i>able/-ible</i> Collocations with <i>come, do make, take</i> Words connected with technology
2- Live and learn	Past Simple Past continuous <i>Would/ used to/ be used to / get used to</i>	Adjectives with <i>-ful / -ive</i> Phrasal verbs: <i>build up, carry out; do without, end up, get on with, put up with, get up to, go about</i> Words connected with education and learning
3- Viral video	Modal verbs (basic rules) Modal verbs : deduction and speculation about the present	Nouns <i>-ity/ness</i> Collocations with verbs TV programmes
4- Big city life	Present perfect simple Present perfect continuous Question tags and questions forms	Words + prepositions: Adjectives/ nouns/ verbs Places in the city
5- The weekend starts here	The future: <i>will / going to / present simple / present continuous</i> Comparatives and superlatives	Verbs / adjectives with <i>-ate</i> phrasal verbs : <i>drop off, feel up to doing, get sb down</i> <i>Let sb off, Look back (on), put (sth) down, sort out, stand for</i> Hobbies
6-Good food, good mood	Conditionals: first, zero and second conditionals	Words + prepositions: Adverbs formed from adjectives Words connected with health

7-Best friend forever	Past perfect simple Past perfect continuous Connectors of contrast	Nouns with <i>-ance/-ence/-ment/-ship</i> Phrasal verbs: <i>drop in (on), get along with, go round (to), keep on, look up to, rip up, run after, take after</i> Words connected with friendship
8- The only way is up	The passive Review: countable / uncountable nouns, articles, quantifiers	Word formation: <i>nouns formed from verbs</i> Word + prepositions Words connected with geographical features

Ripasso delle strutture di base della lingua inglese (i tempi del verbo 'be' e del verbo 'have/have got', i verbi modali di base e loro sostituti, plurali, l'uso dell'articolo, short answer, questions tags, follow-up questions- showing interest, both-and/either-or/neither-nor, articoli, preposizioni, quantifiers, intensifiers) tramite appunti caricati dall'insegnante sulla piattaforma 'classroom'  
Attività di reading, writing, listening e speaking tipologia IGCSE (esercitazioni e prove frequenti con testi tratti dai Past Papers).

Corsico, 29 maggio 2024

L'insegnante

I rappresentanti degli studenti

Maria chiara Davalli

## **Indicazioni per le prove di recupero di settembre**

Argomenti fondamentali per la prova di recupero

ARGOMENTO	RIFERIMENTI
Tutti gli argomenti svolti nel corso dell'anno scolastico sono considerati necessari per affrontare il programma del secondo anno di corso	

Lavori consigliati per il recupero estivo

Gli alunni sono invitati ri-svolgere gli esercizi presentati dai testi in adozione (sia eserciziaro, sia student book) e a ripassare vocaboli ed espressioni affrontate (ivi comprese i vocaboli contenuti negli appunti: PET – Vocabulary, pubblicati su classroom all'inizio dell'anno scolastico 23/24)

Esempi di prove di recupero

Le prove di verifica di settembre avranno la stessa struttura di quelle affrontate durante l'anno scolastico.

Il particolare conterranno esercizi delle seguenti tipologie:

► esercizi di completamento (uso dei tempi verbali)

es.: Fill in the blanks with the suitable form of the verb in brackets.

Sally .....(go) to the cinema yesterday night.

..... (Mary / study) French when she was at school?

► esercizi a scelta multipla ( due/ tre / quattro alternative)

es.: In the following sentences, choose the correct alternative.

Remember to buy some milk: there is *no / none / any* in the fridge

Can I have *the / some / any / =* water, please?

► esercizi di formazione e trasformazione

es.: Ask questions about the following sentences using the words in brackets.

Mary usually goes to the cinema with her friends on Saturdays. (*who / where / when*)

es.: Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one.

There are no books on the shelf.

There aren't ..... on the shelf.

► esercizi di completamento

es.: Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with a suitable word.

I went .....the supermarket to buy some milk.

Livello di superamento della prova: 60 %

L'insegnante:

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